

BANGLADESH



The Protracted Rohingya Refugee Situation in Bangladesh

Towards Reducing Precarity and Increasing Responsibility Sharing

The ASILE project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 870787. Its contents are the sole responsibility of the author(s) and the Commission is not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains



Key Findings

PRECARIOUS STATUS

With limited legal protections and rights and without 'refugee' status in Bangladesh, the legal status of Rohingya refugees in Bangladesh is precarious.



LIMITED OPPORTUNITIES

Limited employment options for Rohingya refugees, with informal work and precarious pay.



LACK OF ACCESS

Rohingya refugees face difficulties in accessing justice and legal services due to their precarious situation.



Policy Recommendations

ENACT A NATIONAL LAW FOR REFUGEE RIGHTS

Work with the Bangladesh government to enact a national law that addresses refugee matters and grants refugees several judicially enforceable rights, focusing on the right to livelihoods and the right to education



GRANT ROHINGYA REFUGEES THE RIGHT TO WORK

Rohingya refugees should be granted the right to work, following the model of the Jordan Compact, which used foreign investment as an incentive.

